



	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Reading – Word Reading	 apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes To read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word 	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.
Reading - Comprehension	Develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books Preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action Discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination	Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by: Continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions. Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing Making comparisons within and across books Learning a wider range of poetry by heart





Recognising some different forms of poetry [for	Preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to
example, free verse, narrative poetry]	perform, showing understanding through intonation,
	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an
Understand what they read, in books they can read	audience
independently, by:	Understand what they read by:
Checking that the text makes sense to them,	Checking that the book makes sense to them,
discussing their understanding and explaining the	discussing their understanding and exploring the
meaning of words in context	meaning of words in context
Asking questions to improve their understanding of a	Asking questions to improve their understanding
text	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters'
Drawing inferences such as inferring characters'	feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and
feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions,	justifying inferences with evidence
and justifying inferences with evidence	Predicting what might happen from details stated and
Predicting what might happen from details stated and	implied
implied	Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than
Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one	one paragraph, identifying key details that support the
paragraph and summarising these	main ideas
Identifying how language, structure, and presentation	Identifying how language, structure and presentation
contribute to meaning	contribute to meaning
Retrieve and record information from non-fiction	Discuss and evaluate how authors use language,
Participate in discussion about both books that are	including figurative language, considering the impact
read to them and those they can read for themselves,	on the reader
taking turns and listening to what others say.	Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
	Retrieve, record and present information from non-
	fiction
	Participate in discussions about books that are read to
	them and those they can read for themselves, building
	on their own and others' ideas and challenging views
	courteously





		Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary Provide reasoned justifications for their views.
Writing -	Use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how	Recommending books that they have read to their
Transcription	to add them	peers, giving reasons for their choices
	Spell further homophones	Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in
	Spell words that are often misspelt	and across a wide range of writing
	Place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words	Making comparisons within and across books
	with regular plurals [for example, girls', boys'] and in	Learning a wider range of poetry by heart
	words with irregular plurals [for example, children's]	Preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to
	Use the first two or three letters of a word to check	perform, showing understanding through intonation,
	its spelling in a dictionary	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an
	Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the	audience
	teacher, that include words and punctuation taught	
	so far	Understand what they read by:
		Checking that the book makes sense to them,
		discussing their understanding and exploring the
		meaning of words in context.
		Asking questions to improve their understanding
		Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and
		justifying inferences with evidence
		Predicting what might happen from details stated and
		implied
		Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than
		one paragraph, identifying key details that support the
		main ideas





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		Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
		Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
		Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary
Handwriting	Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined Increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting [for example, by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch].	Provide reasoned justifications for their views. Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: Choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters Choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task.
Writing - Composition	Plan their writing by: Discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar	Plan their writing by: Identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own





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	Discussing and recording ideas	Noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading
		and research where necessary
	Draft and write by:	In writing narratives, considering how authors have
	Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including	developed characters and settings in what pupils have
	dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich	read, listened to or seen performed
	vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence	Draft and write by:
	structures	Selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary,
	Organising paragraphs around a theme	understanding how such choices can change and
	In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot	enhance meaning
	In non-narrative material, using simple organisational	In narratives, describing settings, characters and
	devices [for example, headings and sub-headings]	atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey
	Evaluate and edit by:	character and advance the action
	Assessing the effectiveness of their own and others'	Précising longer passages
	writing and suggesting improvements	Using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within
	Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to	and across paragraphs
	improve consistency, including the accurate use of	Using further organisational and presentational devices
	pronouns in sentences	to structure text and to guide the reader [for example,
	Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	headings, bullet points, underlining]
	Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole	Evaluate and edit by:
	class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	Assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing
		Proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and
		punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning
		Ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense
		throughout a piece of writing
		Ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when
		using singular and plural, distinguishing between the
		language of speech and writing and choosing the
		appropriate register





		Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors
		Perform their own compositions, using appropriate
		intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is
		clear
Writing –	Plan their writing by:	Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in
Vocabulary,	Discussing writing similar to that which they are	English Appendix 2 by:
Grammar and	planning to write in order to understand and learn	Recognising vocabulary and structures that are
Punctuation	from its structure, vocabulary and grammar	appropriate for formal speech and writing, including
	Discussing and recording ideas	subjunctive forms
	Draft and write by:	Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of
	Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including	information in a sentence
	dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich	Using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships
	vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence	of time and cause
	structures	Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated
	Organising paragraphs around a theme	information concisely
	In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot	Using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of
	In non-narrative material, using simple organisational	possibility
	devices [for example, headings and sub-headings]	Using relative clauses beginning with who, which,
	Evaluate and edit by:	where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e.
	Assessing the effectiveness of their own and others'	omitted) relative pronoun
	writing and suggesting improvements	Learning the grammar for years 5 and 6
	Proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to	
	improve consistency, including the accurate use of	Indicate grammatical and other features by:
	pronouns in sentences	Using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in
	Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	writing
	Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole	Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity
	class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the	Using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate
	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	parenthesis





Using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark
boundaries between independent clauses
Using a colon to introduce a list
Punctuating bullet points consistently
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in
English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in
discussing their writing and reading.